

# *VII International Congress On Cactus Pear & Cochineal*

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## **Possibility of using discarded prickly pears cactus fruits as a feed for ruminants**

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# *Southern Agency*



Processing unit  
*(Tighmart)*

Packaging line  
*(Ouaroune)*

Access to  
orchards



Possibility of using discarded  
prickly pears cactus fruits as a  
feed for ruminants



1

- ***Nutritive value of cactus products***



2

- *Incorporating cactus products in balanced diets for sheep*

## *Nutritive value*

### - Cactus fruit :

- water content (83-85%),
- energy (1.07 UFL / kg DM)
- calcium
- low in protein (46 g PDIN / kg DM);

### - Cactus pads meal :

0.71 UFL and 30 g PDIN / kg DM;

### - Cactus fruit seed meal:

lignin (24% DM) and low in CP (9.22% DM).



**1**

- *Nutritive value of cactus products*

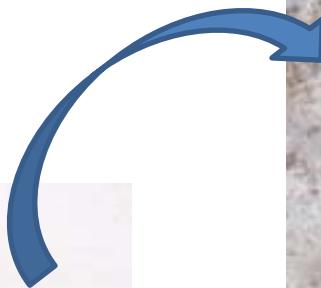


**2**

- *Incorporating cactus products  
in balanced diets for sheep*

2008, In Guelmim

# Training session for members of a coop.



**Grinding the fruits**







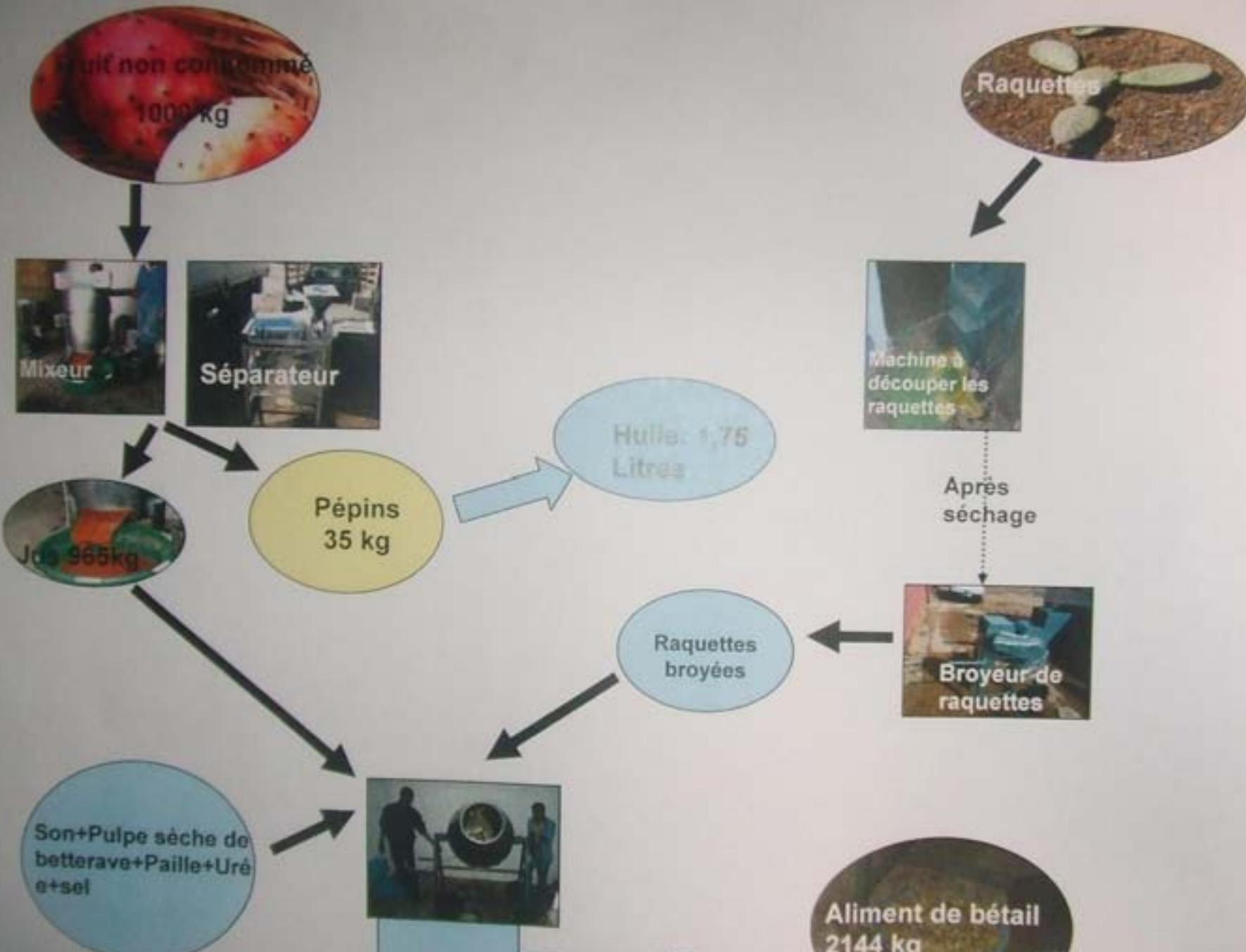
# 2008: Dry mix and small production of silage



Ingredients	%, as fed
Cactus fruit	45
Wheat bran	20
Sugar Beet pulp	16
Straw	16
Salt	01
Urea	01
Min. Vit	01







## Composition of the diet based on cactus

Feeds	% as fed	Aliments
Cactus fruits (juice)	45	Fruits de cactus (jus)
Cactus pads (dry & ground)	6	Raquettes de cactus (sèches broyées)
Straw	9	Paille
Sugar beet pulp	17	Pulpe S. Betterave
Wheat bran	20	Son de blé
Urea	1	Urée
Salt	1	Sel
Min. Vit.	1	CMV
Total	100	Total

## *Preparation of fruits*



## *Preparation of pads*



## *Preparation of pads*



## *Preparation of sugar beet pulp*



## *Preparation of straw*



## *Ingredients mixture*



## *Ingredients mixture*



Silage



Mix dry



## *Fermentation quality*

<b>Quality of conservation of silage</b>				
Paramètres		Poor	Good	Excellent
% of total N	N- NH3	10 à 15	5 à 10	<5
	N- Soluble	60 à 70	50 à 60	<50
pH				<4

# Evaluation of performance of animals fed diets containing cactus



*Fattening trial*



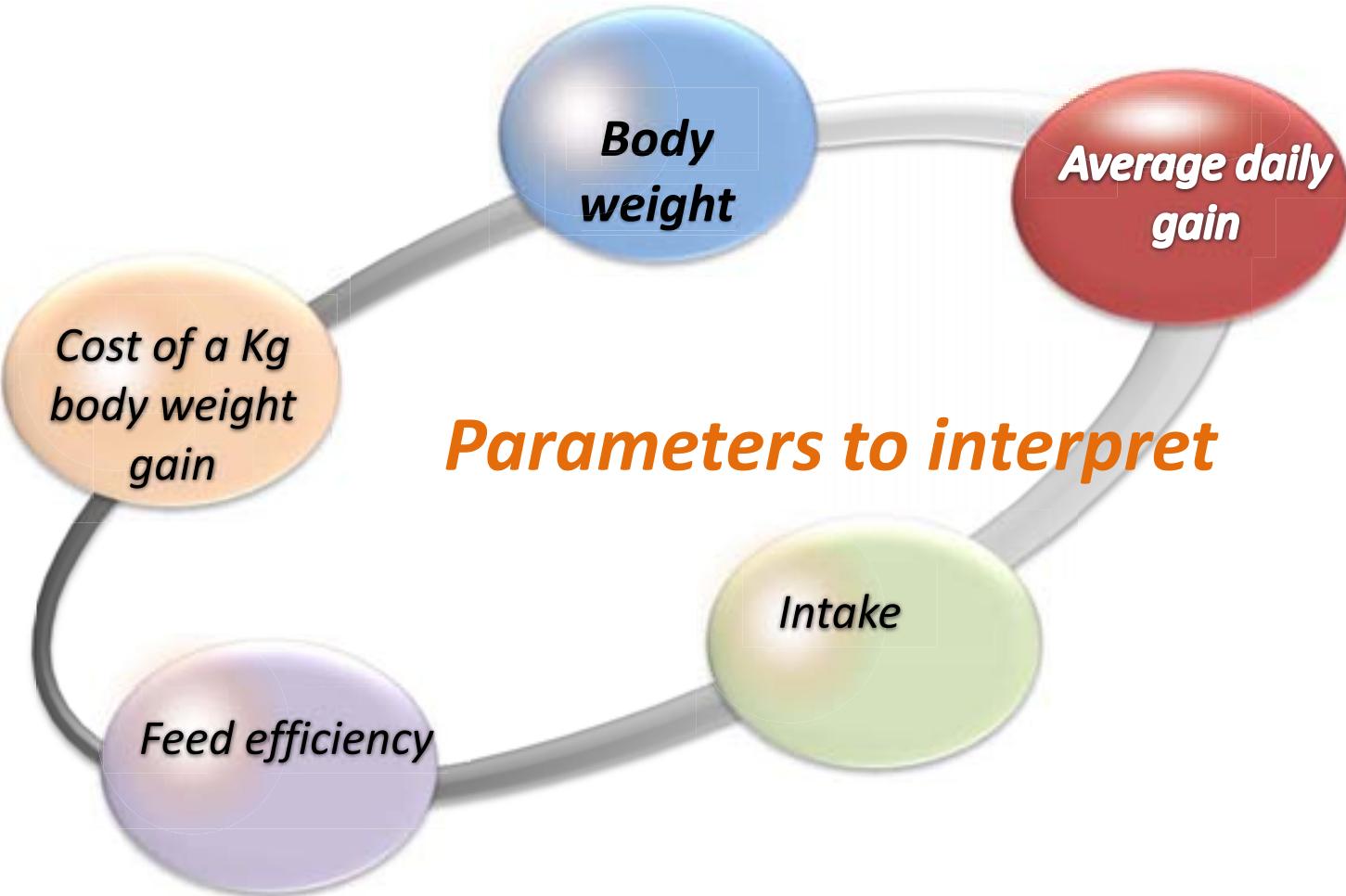
<b>Feeds</b>	<b>Control</b>	<b>Dry - S</b>	<b>Dry + S</b>	<b>Sil - S</b>	<b>Sil + S</b>
Straw	50% (ad lib.)				
Mix Dry		Ad lib.	Ad lib.		
Silage				Ad lib.	Ad lib.
Commercial feed	50% (ad lib.)				
Barley			200 g/d/al		200 g/d/al



*Adaptation period of 15 days*

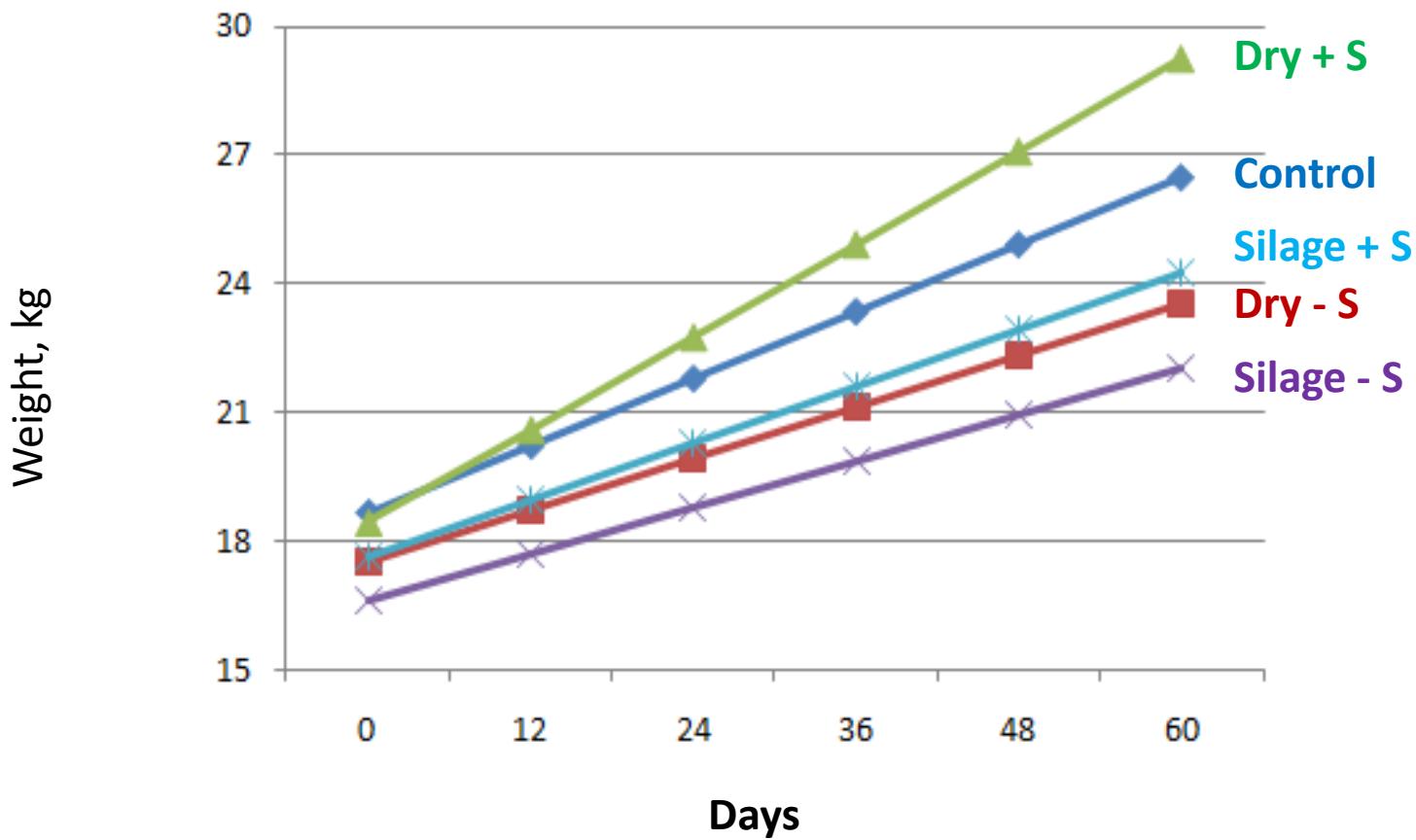


*Trial of 62 days*



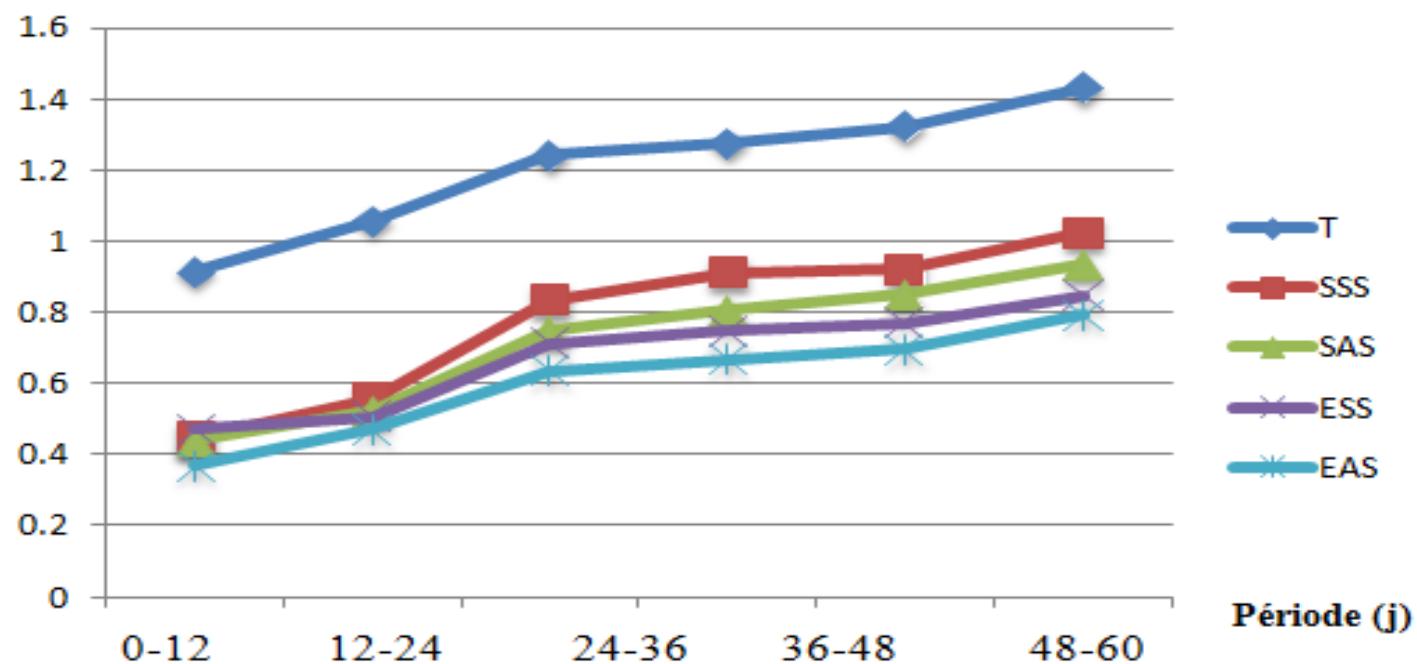
ANOVA + test de Duncan  
Software: SAS

## *Evolution of body weight with diets*



# *Intake*

Q.I en kg/j



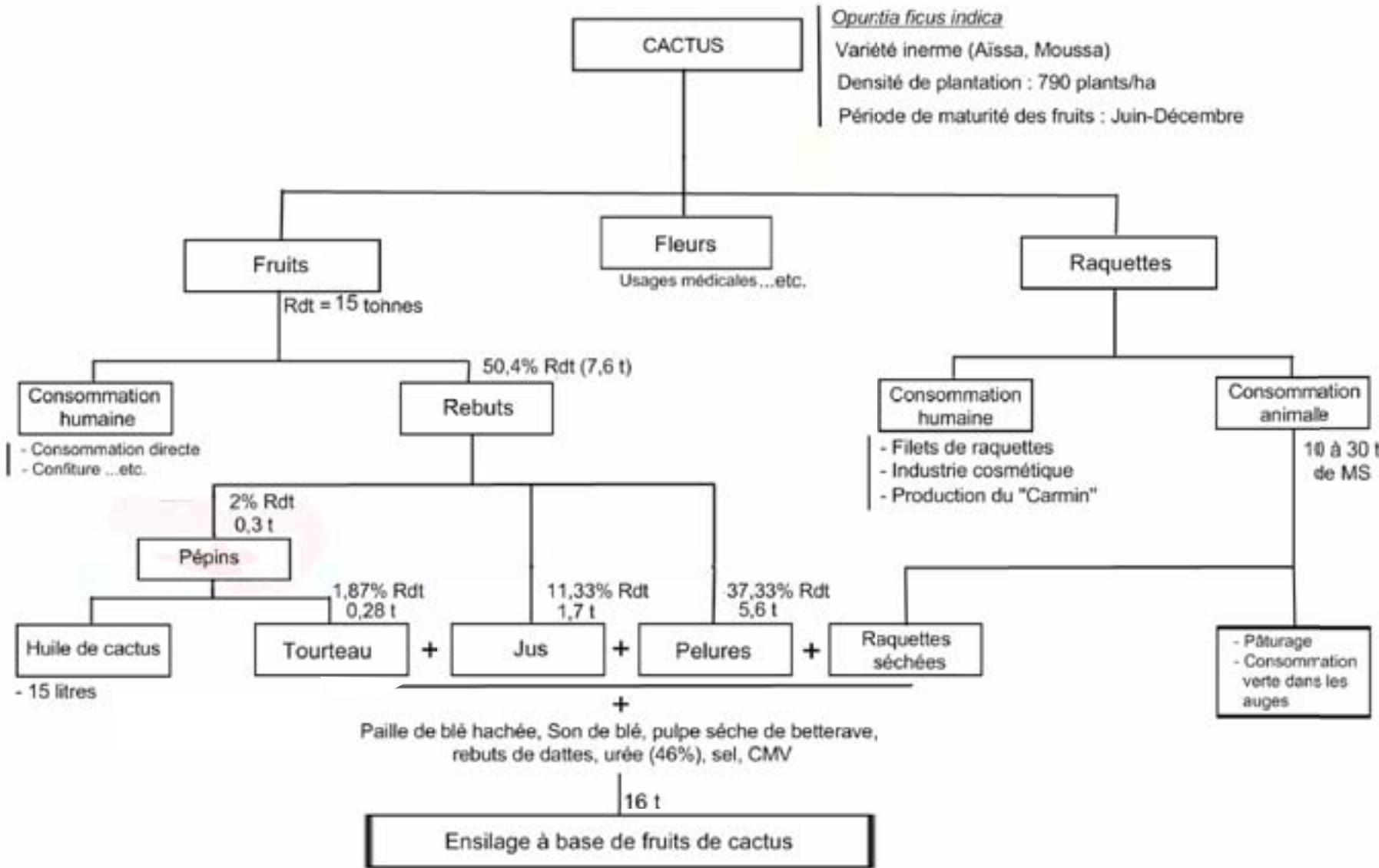
# Comparison between Dry Mix & Silage

Parameters	Diet				
	Control	Dry-S	Dry+S	Silage-S	Silage+S
Number of animals	8	8	8	8	8
Initial body weight (kg)	18.58 <sup>a</sup>	17.46 <sup>a</sup>	18.57 <sup>a</sup>	17.17 <sup>a</sup>	17.79 <sup>a</sup>
Final Body weight (kg)	26.71 <sup>ab</sup>	23.87 <sup>bc</sup>	27.76 <sup>a</sup>	22.7 <sup>c</sup>	24.75 <sup>abc</sup>
Average Daily Gain (g/j)	<b>131<sup>ab</sup></b>	<b>103<sup>bc</sup></b>	<b>148<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>90<sup>c</sup></b>	<b>112<sup>abc</sup></b>
Feed efficiency (Kg DM/kg BW gain)	11.47 <sup>a</sup>	8.52 <sup>a b</sup>	6.63 <sup>b</sup>	11.6 <sup>a</sup>	7.72 <sup>ab</sup>
Intake (kg DM/animal/d)	<b>1.26<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>0.85<sup>b</sup></b>	<b>0.95<sup>c</sup></b>	<b>0.72<sup>d</sup></b>	<b>0.82<sup>e</sup></b>
Cost of production of kg BW (Dh)	<b>29.25<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>17.24<sup>ab</sup></b>	<b>14.44<sup>b</sup></b>	<b>28.15<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>21.43<sup>ab</sup></b>

# Effect of the supplementation with barley

Parameters	Diet				
	Control	Dry-S	Dry+S	Silage-S	Silage+S
Number of animals	8	8	8	8	8
Initial body weight (kg)	18.58 <sup>a</sup>	17.46 <sup>a</sup>	18.57 <sup>a</sup>	17.17 <sup>a</sup>	17.79 <sup>a</sup>
Final Body weight (kg)	26.71 <sup>ab</sup>	23.87 <sup>bc</sup>	27.76 <sup>a</sup>	22.7 <sup>c</sup>	24.75 <sup>abc</sup>
Average Daily Gain (g/j)	131 <sup>ab</sup>	103 <sup>bc</sup>	148 <sup>a</sup>	90 <sup>c</sup>	112 <sup>abc</sup>
Feed efficiency (Kg DM/kg BW gain)	11.47 <sup>a</sup>	8.52 <sup>a b</sup>	6.63 <sup>b</sup>	11.6 <sup>a</sup>	7.72 <sup>ab</sup>
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Cost of production of kg BW (Dh)	29.25 <sup>a</sup>	17.24 <sup>ab</sup>	14.44 <sup>b</sup>	28.15 <sup>a</sup>	21.43 <sup>ab</sup>

# Contribution of 1 Ha of cactus in animal feeding



## *Conclusions*

1

**Cactus fruits : high in energy, low in protein**

2

**New balanced feeds (dry mix & silage) for livestock in the southern part of Morocco**

3

**Animals perform better with dry-mix, however silage has its advantages too**

4

**These feeds would be more suitable to be used during fall and winter, and during the periods of reproduction and lambing**

5

**Cost of production of the feed may be reduced if ingredients are purchased the appropriate time and manner**

A photograph showing the silhouettes of several palm trees against a bright, hazy sky during sunset or sunrise. The sun is visible as a small orange circle on the horizon. The foreground is dark and indistinct.

Sunset at Tighmert | Asrir